





# FEBRUARY 2024 AG NEWSLETTER







February marks the ideal period for initiating garden preparations ahead of spring planting. Despite lingering frost risks, there's a comprehensive checklist to tackle now.



**Planning:** Strategize placements of plants by planting long-term crops away from short-term ones, don't allow tall plants to shade shorter ones if full sun is required, and decide on succession planting or rotations. Start seeds like beets, carrots, and leafy greens, and transplant broccoli, cabbage, and onions.

**Soil:** Amend native soil with sand and organic matter for improved texture and water retention, or consider using raised beds instead. Turn over old mulch and lay fresh mulch to help retain moisture. Start composting dead plant material for later use.

**Transplant:** Harden off indoor seeds, transplant tomatoes and peppers to larger containers. Opt for transplanting after rain on cloudy days or evenings to minimize stress. Water well and fertilize before transplanting.

**Diseases and pests:** Check for bagworms on trees and treat with insecticides or destroy by hand. Look out for fire blight on fruit trees and take preventive measures. Black shoots, flowers, and young fruit are signs that will show in spring.

**Maintenance:** Remove weeds, turn over old mulch, and lay new mulch to help retain moisture. Disinfect tools with household cleaners to prevent diseases. Prune roses and fruit trees, cut back perennial flowers, and prune woody shrubs and trees. Avoid pruning oak trees until after June to prevent oak wilt. For more pruning information, visit this link: <a href="https://aggie-horticulture.tamu.edu/earthkind/landscape/proper-pruning-techniques/">https://aggie-horticulture.tamu.edu/earthkind/landscape/proper-pruning-techniques/</a>





# **Upcoming Events**



The Texas Climate Smart Initiative (TCSI) is a five-year \$65 million program led by Texas A&M AgriLife. It is in partnership with the Texas Soil & Water Conservation Board, Tarleton State Univ., Prairie View A&M Univ., UT-Lower Rio Grande Valley, Texas Forest Service, and two private companies. The goal is to foster growth in understanding and implementation of practices that are deemed "climate smart."

#### **Mission Statement:**

Texas A&M AgriLife
Extension Service works
daily to make Texas
better by providing
innovative solutions at
the intersection of
agriculture, natural
resources, youth, and
health, thereby
improving the well-being
of individuals,
families,businesses, and
communities through
education and services.

These include four- and five-year plans for tillage reduction, soil health principles—especially building soil organic matter/soil carbon, and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions (carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide). The practices for each participant are tailored to fit the individual cooperator's interest. More information and applications can be found here:

<a href="https://agrilifetoday.tamu.edu/2024/01/03/texas-climate-smart-initiative-opens-producer-application-period/">https://agrilifetoday.tamu.edu/2024/01/03/texas-application-period/</a>





# **Owning** a Piece of the **Texas Hill Country**

March 21, 2024 1:00 p.m. - 5:00 p.m.

**Community Resource** Center

> 206 US 281 Johnson City, TX 78636

### Registration:

\$12 per person

Link:

https://qualtricsxmzbdvk6qmc.qu altrics.com/jfe/form/SV\_6yhO60IIH pYkROC



Range Stewardship **Megan Clayton** 



Livestock Grazing Management **Karl Harborth** 



**New and Small Acreage** Landownership Liz Tidwell



Water Conservation **Rachel Seets** 

For more information, please contact Carley Howell, Agriculture and Natural Resources Extension Agent 830-868-7167 | carley.howell@ag.tamu.edu

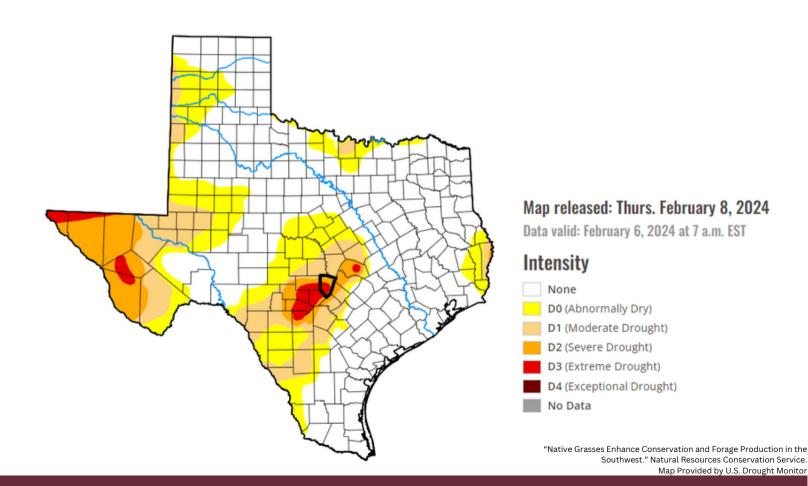
# OUR WORK MAKES A DIFFERENCE. IN THE LIVES OF TEXANS AND ON THE ECONOMY.

## **Drought in Blanco County**

Despite the recent rainfall, drought conditions persistently worsen in Blanco County. With warmer weather on the horizon, now is an opportune moment to explore strategies to alleviate the moisture deficit.

Planting native grasses offers a sustainable solution. Native grasses grow well in the areas of their natural adaption with minimum inputs of water, fertilizers, and pesticides. Because of their physiological adaption to drought and poor soil environments, native grasses are effective conservation tools for soil erosion control, stabilization of roadsides, disturbed areas, and steep slope sites, and reclamation of abandoned cropland.

### **Blanco County, TX**



## Making a Difference in Blanco County





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https://blanco.agrilife.org/publications/

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